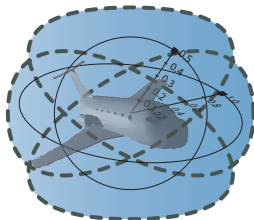


17: Winning Strategies & Regions

15-424: Foundations of Cyber-Physical Systems

André Platzer

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Computer Science Department
Carnegie Mellon University, Pittsburgh, PA



- 1 Learning Objectives
- 2 Denotational Semantics
 - Differential Game Logic Semantics
 - Hybrid Game Semantics
- 3 Semantics of Repetition
 - Repetition with Advance Notice
 - Infinite Iterations and Inflationary Semantics
 - Ordinals
 - Inflationary Semantics of Repetitions
 - Implicit Definitions vs. Explicit Constructions
 - +1 Argument
 - Fixpoints and Pre-fixpoints
 - Comparing Fixpoints
 - Characterizing Winning Repetitions Implicitly
- 4 Summary

1 Learning Objectives

2 Denotational Semantics

- Differential Game Logic Semantics
- Hybrid Game Semantics

3 Semantics of Repetition

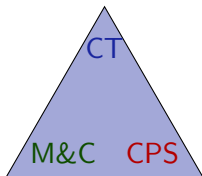
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4 Summary

Learning Objectives

Winning Strategies & Regions

fundamental principles of computational thinking
logical extensions
PL modularity principles
compositional extensions
differential game logic
denotational vs. operational semantics



adversarial dynamics
adversarial semantics
adversarial repetitions
fixpoints

CPS semantics
multi-agent operational-effects
mutual reactions
complementary hybrid systems

Differential Game Logic: Syntax

Discrete
Assign

Test
Game

Differential
Equation

Choice
Game

Seq.
Game

Repeat
Game

Dual
Game

Definition (Hybrid game α)

$x := e \mid ?Q \mid x' = f(x) \mid \alpha \cup \beta \mid \alpha; \beta \mid \alpha^* \mid \alpha^d$

Definition (dGL Formula P)

$p(e_1, \dots, e_n) \mid e \geq \tilde{e} \mid \neg P \mid P \wedge Q \mid \forall x P \mid \exists x P \mid \langle \alpha \rangle P \mid [\alpha] P$

All
Reals

Some
Reals

Angel
Wins

Demon
Wins

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Definition (dGL Formula P)

$\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket : \text{Fml} \rightarrow \wp(\mathcal{S})$

$$\llbracket e_1 \geq e_2 \rrbracket = \{\omega \in \mathcal{S} : \omega \llbracket e_1 \rrbracket \geq \omega \llbracket e_2 \rrbracket\}$$

$$\llbracket \neg P \rrbracket = (\llbracket P \rrbracket)^c$$

$$\llbracket P \wedge Q \rrbracket = \llbracket P \rrbracket \cap \llbracket Q \rrbracket$$

$$\llbracket \langle \alpha \rangle P \rrbracket = \varsigma_\alpha(\llbracket P \rrbracket) \quad \{\omega : \nu \in \llbracket P \rrbracket \text{ for some } \nu \text{ with } (\omega, \nu) \in \llbracket \alpha \rrbracket\} \text{ ???}$$

$$\llbracket [\alpha] P \rrbracket = \delta_\alpha(\llbracket P \rrbracket)$$

Definition (Hybrid game α : denotational semantics)

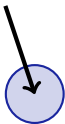
$$\mathcal{S}_{x:=e}(X) =$$



Definition (Hybrid game α : denotational semantics)

$$\mathcal{S}_{x:=e}(X) = \{\omega \in \mathcal{S} : \omega_x^{\omega[e]} \in X\}$$

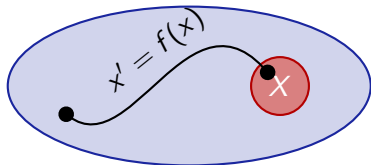
$\mathcal{S}_{x:=e}(X)$



Differential Game Logic: Denotational Semantics

Definition (Hybrid game α : denotational semantics)

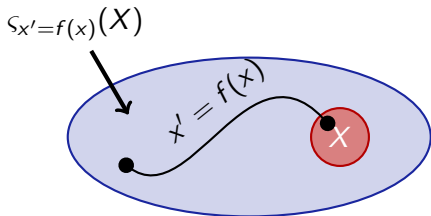
$$\mathcal{S}_{x'=f(x)}(X) =$$



Differential Game Logic: Denotational Semantics

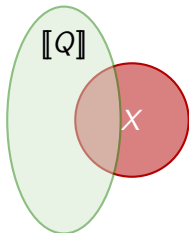
Definition (Hybrid game α : denotational semantics)

$$S_{x'=f(x)}(X) = \{\varphi(0) \in \mathcal{S} : \varphi(r) \in X, \frac{d\varphi(t)(x)}{dt}(z) = \varphi(z) \llbracket f(x) \rrbracket \text{ for all } z\}$$



Definition (Hybrid game α : denotational semantics)

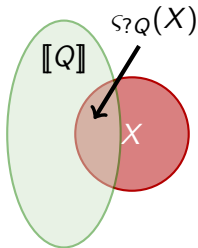
$$\llbracket \alpha \rrbracket(X) =$$



Differential Game Logic: Denotational Semantics

Definition (Hybrid game α : denotational semantics)

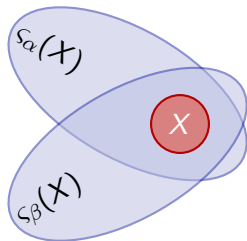
$$\mathfrak{s?Q}(X) = \llbracket Q \rrbracket \cap X$$



Differential Game Logic: Denotational Semantics

Definition (Hybrid game α : denotational semantics)

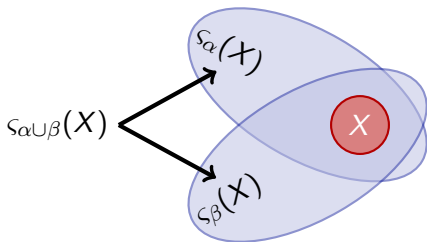
$$s_{\alpha \cup \beta}(X) =$$



Differential Game Logic: Denotational Semantics

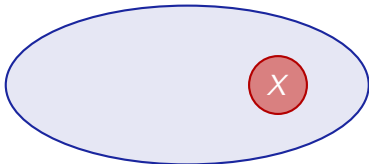
Definition (Hybrid game α : denotational semantics)

$$s_{\alpha \cup \beta}(X) = s_{\alpha}(X) \cup s_{\beta}(X)$$



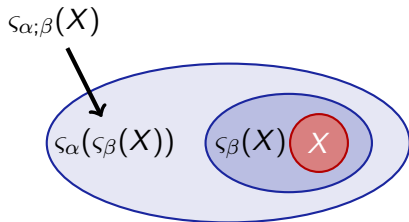
Definition (Hybrid game α : denotational semantics)

$$\mathcal{S}_{\alpha;\beta}(X) =$$



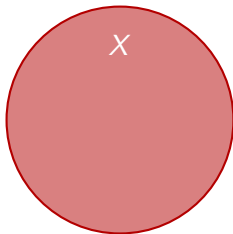
Definition (Hybrid game α : denotational semantics)

$$s_{\alpha;\beta}(X) = s_{\alpha}(s_{\beta}(X))$$



Definition (Hybrid game α : denotational semantics)

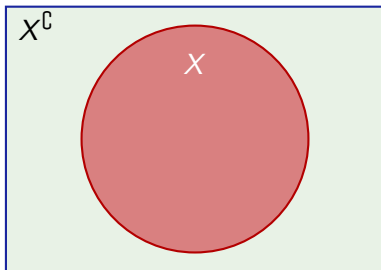
$$S_{\alpha^d}(X) =$$



Differential Game Logic: Denotational Semantics

Definition (Hybrid game α : denotational semantics)

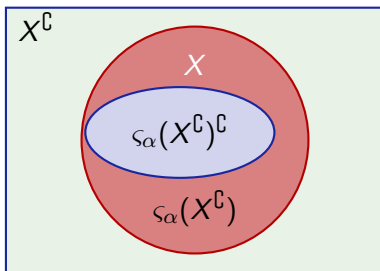
$$S_{\alpha^d}(X) =$$



Differential Game Logic: Denotational Semantics

Definition (Hybrid game α : denotational semantics)

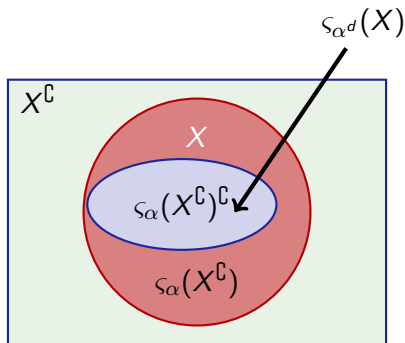
$$S_{\alpha^d}(X) =$$



Differential Game Logic: Denotational Semantics

Definition (Hybrid game α : denotational semantics)

$$s_{\alpha^d}(X) = (s_{\alpha}(X^{\mathbb{C}}))^{\mathbb{C}}$$



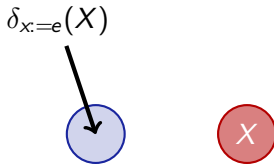
Definition (Hybrid game α : denotational semantics)

$$\delta_{x:=e}(X) =$$



Definition (Hybrid game α : denotational semantics)

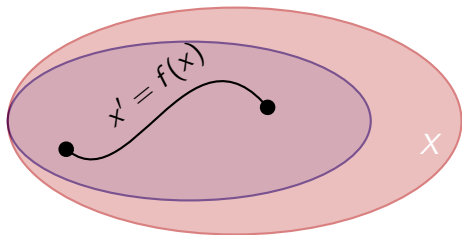
$$\delta_{x:=e}(X) = \{\omega \in \mathcal{S} : \omega_x^{\omega[e]} \in X\}$$



Differential Game Logic: Denotational Semantics

Definition (Hybrid game α : denotational semantics)

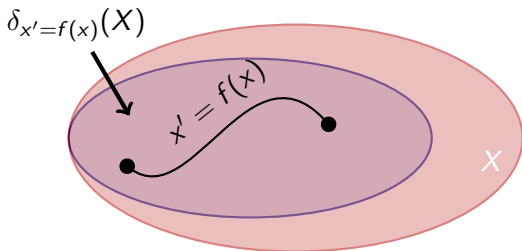
$$\delta_{x'=f(x)}(X) =$$



Differential Game Logic: Denotational Semantics

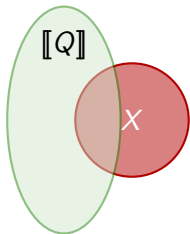
Definition (Hybrid game α : denotational semantics)

$$\delta_{x'=f(x)}(X) = \{\varphi(0) \in \mathcal{S} : \varphi(z) \in X, \frac{d\varphi(t)(x)}{dt}(z) = \varphi(z)[[f(x)]] \text{ for all } z\}$$



Definition (Hybrid game α : denotational semantics)

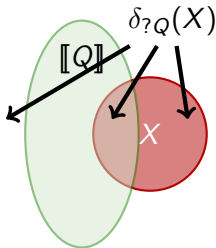
$$\delta_{?Q}(X) =$$



Differential Game Logic: Denotational Semantics

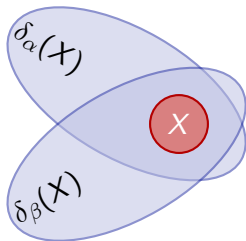
Definition (Hybrid game α : denotational semantics)

$$\delta_{?Q}(X) = \llbracket Q \rrbracket^G \cup X$$



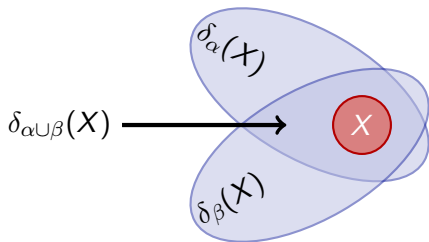
Definition (Hybrid game α : denotational semantics)

$$\delta_{\alpha \cup \beta}(X) =$$



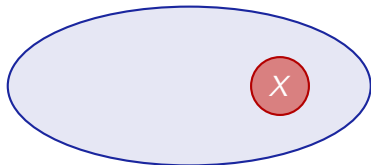
Definition (Hybrid game α : denotational semantics)

$$\delta_{\alpha \cup \beta}(X) = \delta_{\alpha}(X) \cap \delta_{\beta}(X)$$



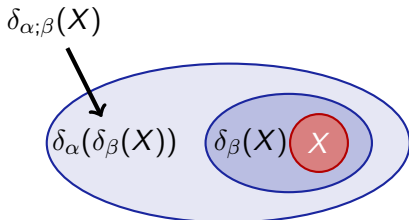
Definition (Hybrid game α : denotational semantics)

$$\delta_{\alpha;\beta}(X) =$$



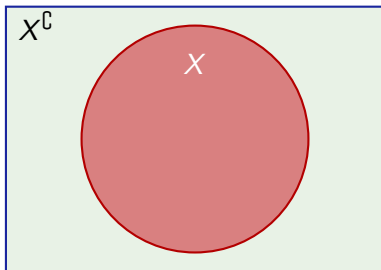
Definition (Hybrid game α : denotational semantics)

$$\delta_{\alpha;\beta}(X) = \delta_{\alpha}(\delta_{\beta}(X))$$



Definition (Hybrid game α : denotational semantics)

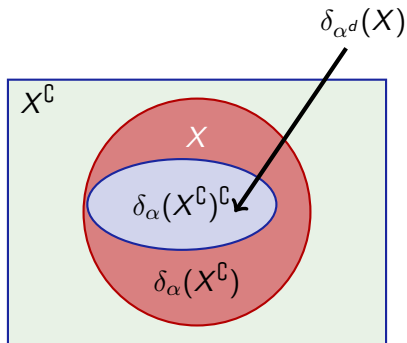
$$\delta_{\alpha^d}(X) =$$



Differential Game Logic: Denotational Semantics

Definition (Hybrid game α : denotational semantics)

$$\delta_{\alpha^d}(X) = (\delta_\alpha(X^c))^c$$



Differential Game Logic: Denotational Semantics

Definition (Hybrid game α)

$\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket : \text{HG} \rightarrow (\wp(\mathcal{S}) \rightarrow \wp(\mathcal{S}))$

$$\varsigma_{x:=e}(X) = \{\omega \in \mathcal{S} : \omega_x^{\omega[e]} \in X\}$$

$$\varsigma_{x'=f(x)}(X) = \{\varphi(0) \in \mathcal{S} : \varphi(r) \in X, \frac{d\varphi(t)(x)}{dt}(z) = \varphi(z)\llbracket f(x) \rrbracket \text{ for all } z\}$$

$$\varsigma_{?Q}(X) = \llbracket Q \rrbracket \cap X$$

$$\varsigma_{\alpha \cup \beta}(X) = \varsigma_{\alpha}(X) \cup \varsigma_{\beta}(X)$$

$$\varsigma_{\alpha;\beta}(X) = \varsigma_{\alpha}(\varsigma_{\beta}(X))$$

$$\varsigma_{\alpha^*}(X) =$$

$$\varsigma_{\alpha^d}(X) = (\varsigma_{\alpha}(X^c))^c$$

Definition (dGL Formula P)

$\llbracket \cdot \rrbracket : \text{Fml} \rightarrow \wp(\mathcal{S})$

$$\llbracket e_1 \geq e_2 \rrbracket = \{\omega \in \mathcal{S} : \omega[e_1] \geq \omega[e_2]\}$$

$$\llbracket \neg P \rrbracket = (\llbracket P \rrbracket)^c$$

$$\llbracket P \wedge Q \rrbracket = \llbracket P \rrbracket \cap \llbracket Q \rrbracket$$

$$\llbracket \langle \alpha \rangle P \rrbracket = \varsigma_{\alpha}(\llbracket P \rrbracket)$$

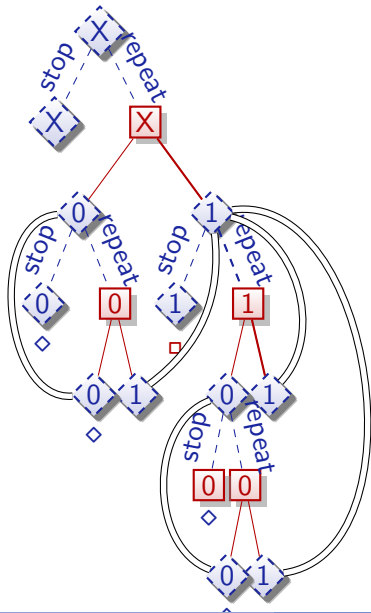
$$\llbracket [\alpha] P \rrbracket = \delta_{\alpha}(\llbracket P \rrbracket)$$

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Filibusters & The Significance of Finitude

$\langle (x := 0 \cap x := 1)^* \rangle x = 0$

$\stackrel{\text{wfd}}{\rightsquigarrow} \text{false unless } x = 0$



Definition (Hybrid game α)

$$\mathcal{S}_{\alpha^*}(X) =$$

Definition (Hybrid game α)

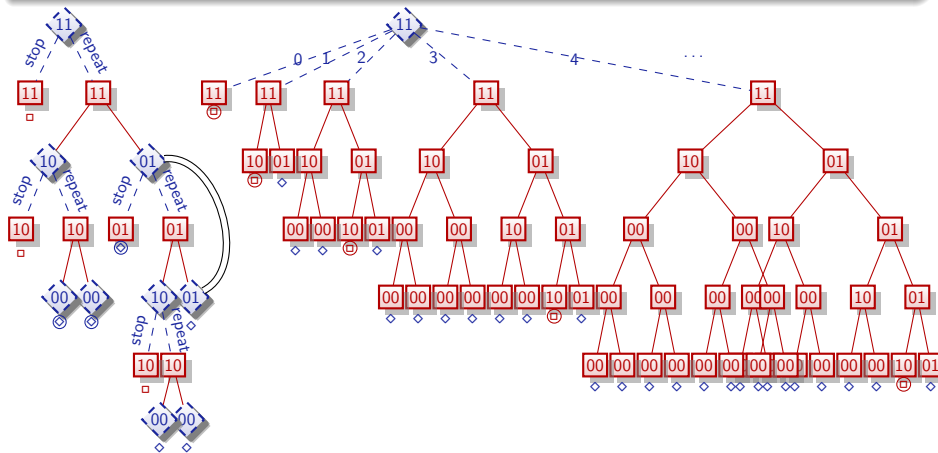
$$\varsigma_{\alpha^*}(X) = \bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \varsigma_{\alpha^n}(X)$$

$$\llbracket \alpha^* \rrbracket = \bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \llbracket \alpha^n \rrbracket \quad \text{where } \alpha^{n+1} \equiv \alpha^n; \alpha \quad \alpha^0 \equiv ?\text{true} \quad \text{for HP } \alpha$$

Semantics of Repetition

Definition (Hybrid game α)

$$\mathcal{S}_{\alpha^*}(X) = \bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \mathcal{S}_{\alpha^n}(X)$$

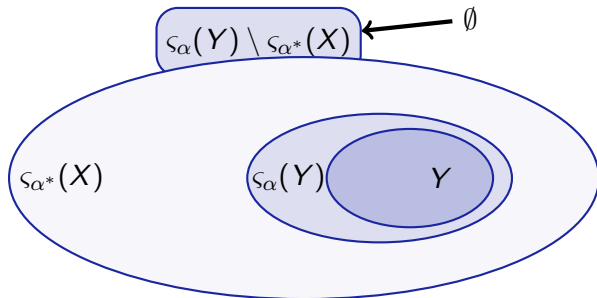


+1 Argument

Note (+1 argument)

$$Y \subseteq s_{\alpha^*}(X) \text{ then } s_{\alpha}(Y) \subseteq s_{\alpha^*}(X)$$

Since $s_{\alpha}(Y)$ is just one round away from Y .



Definition (Hybrid game α)

$$\varsigma_{\alpha^*}(X) = \bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \varsigma_{\alpha}^n(X)$$

$$\varsigma_{\alpha}^0(X) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} X$$

$$\varsigma_{\alpha}^{\kappa+1}(X) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} X \cup \varsigma_{\alpha}(\varsigma_{\alpha}^{\kappa}(X))$$

Definition (Hybrid game α)

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Example

$$\langle (x := 1; x' = 1^d \cup x := x - 1)^* \rangle (0 \leq x < 1)$$

Definition (Hybrid game α)

$$\varsigma_{\alpha^*}(X) = \bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \varsigma_{\alpha}^n(X)$$

 ω -semantics

$$\varsigma_{\alpha}^0(X) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} X$$

$$\varsigma_{\alpha}^{\kappa+1}(X) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} X \cup \varsigma_{\alpha}(\varsigma_{\alpha}^{\kappa}(X))$$

Example

$\langle (x := 1; x' = 1^d \cup x := x - 1)^* \rangle (0 \leq x < 1)$

$$\varsigma_{\alpha}^n([0, 1)) = [0, n) \neq \mathbb{R}$$

Definition (Hybrid game α)

$$\varsigma_{\alpha}^*(X) = \bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \varsigma_{\alpha}^n(X)$$

 ω -semantics

$$\varsigma_{\alpha}^0(X) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} X$$

$$\varsigma_{\alpha}^{\kappa+1}(X) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} X \cup \varsigma_{\alpha}(\varsigma_{\alpha}^{\kappa}(X))$$

$$\varsigma_{\alpha}^{\lambda}(X) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \bigcup_{\kappa < \lambda} \varsigma_{\alpha}^{\kappa}(X) \quad \lambda \neq 0 \text{ a limit ordinal}$$

Example

$$\langle (x := 1; x' = 1^d \cup x := x - 1)^* \rangle (0 \leq x < 1) \quad \varsigma_{\alpha}^n([0, 1)) = [0, n) \neq \mathbb{R}$$

$$\varsigma_{\alpha}^{\omega}([0, 1)) = \bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \varsigma_{\alpha}^n([0, 1)) = [0, \infty) \neq \mathbb{R}$$

Definition (Hybrid game α)

$$\varsigma_{\alpha}^*(X) = \bigcup_{\kappa < \infty} \varsigma_{\alpha}^{\kappa}(X)$$

$$\varsigma_{\alpha}^0(X) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} X$$

$$\varsigma_{\alpha}^{\kappa+1}(X) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} X \cup \varsigma_{\alpha}(\varsigma_{\alpha}^{\kappa}(X))$$

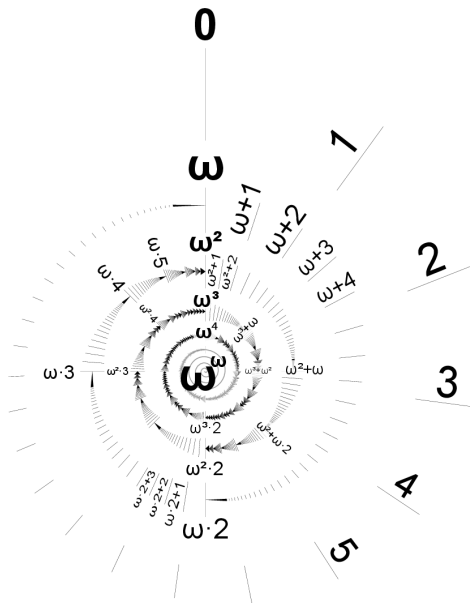
$$\varsigma_{\alpha}^{\lambda}(X) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \bigcup_{\kappa < \lambda} \varsigma_{\alpha}^{\kappa}(X) \quad \lambda \neq 0 \text{ a limit ordinal}$$

Example

$$\langle (x := 1; x' = 1^d \cup x := x - 1)^* \rangle (0 \leq x < 1) \quad \varsigma_{\alpha}^n([0, 1]) = [0, n] \neq \mathbb{R}$$
$$\varsigma_{\alpha}^{\omega+1}([0, 1]) = \varsigma_{\alpha}([0, \infty)) = \mathbb{R} \quad \varsigma_{\alpha}^{\omega}([0, 1]) = \bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \varsigma_{\alpha}^n([0, 1]) = [0, \infty) \neq \mathbb{R}$$

Theorem

Hybrid game closure ordinal $> \omega^\omega$



Expedition: Ordinal Arithmetic

$$\iota + 0 = \iota$$

$$\iota + (\kappa + 1) = (\iota + \kappa) + 1 \quad \text{successor } \kappa + 1$$

$$\iota + \lambda = \bigsqcup_{\kappa < \lambda} \iota + \kappa \quad \text{limit } \lambda$$

$$\iota \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$\iota \cdot (\kappa + 1) = (\iota \cdot \kappa) + \iota \quad \text{successor } \kappa + 1$$

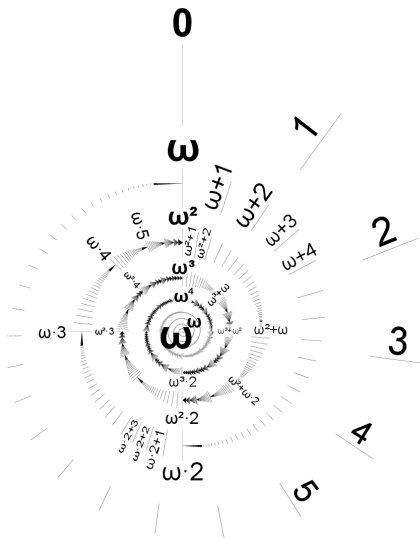
$$\iota \cdot \lambda = \bigsqcup_{\kappa < \lambda} \iota \cdot \kappa \quad \text{limit } \lambda$$

$$\iota^0 = 1$$

$$\iota^{\kappa+1} = \iota^\kappa \cdot \iota \quad \text{successor } \kappa + 1$$

$$\iota^\lambda = \bigsqcup_{\kappa < \lambda} \iota^\kappa \quad \text{limit } \lambda$$

$$2 \cdot \omega = 4 \cdot \omega \neq \omega \cdot 2 < \omega \cdot 4$$



Definition (Hybrid game α)

$$\varsigma_{\alpha^*}(X) = \bigcup_{\kappa < \infty} \varsigma_{\alpha}^{\kappa}(X)$$

$$\varsigma_{\alpha}^0(X) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} X$$

$$\varsigma_{\alpha}^{\kappa+1}(X) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} X \cup \varsigma_{\alpha}(\varsigma_{\alpha}^{\kappa}(X))$$

$$\varsigma_{\alpha}^{\lambda}(X) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \bigcup_{\kappa < \lambda} \varsigma_{\alpha}^{\kappa}(X)$$

$\lambda \neq 0$ a limit ordinal

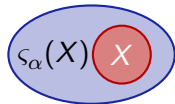
Definition (Hybrid game α)

$$\varsigma_{\alpha^*}(X) = \bigcup_{k < \infty} \varsigma_{\alpha}^k(X)$$



Definition (Hybrid game α)

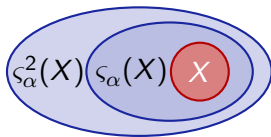
$$\varsigma_{\alpha^*}(X) = \bigcup_{k < \infty} \varsigma_{\alpha}^k(X)$$



Semantics of Repetition

Definition (Hybrid game α)

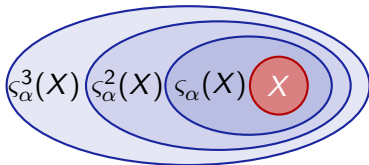
$$\mathcal{S}_{\alpha^*}(X) = \bigcup_{k < \infty} \mathcal{S}_{\alpha}^k(X)$$



Semantics of Repetition

Definition (Hybrid game α)

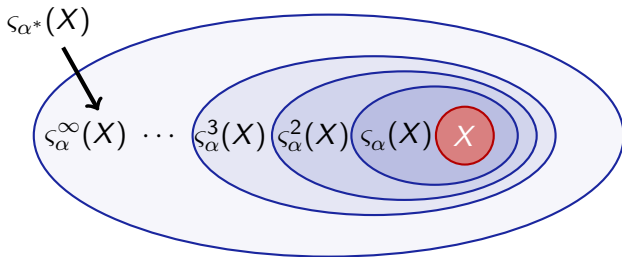
$$\mathcal{S}_{\alpha^*}(X) = \bigcup_{k < \infty} \mathcal{S}_{\alpha}^k(X)$$



Semantics of Repetition

Definition (Hybrid game α)

$$s_{\alpha^*}(X) = \bigcup_{k < \infty} s_{\alpha}^k(X)$$



The Power of Implicit Definitions

Implicit Definitions

The advantages of implicit definition over construction are roughly those of theft over honest toil.

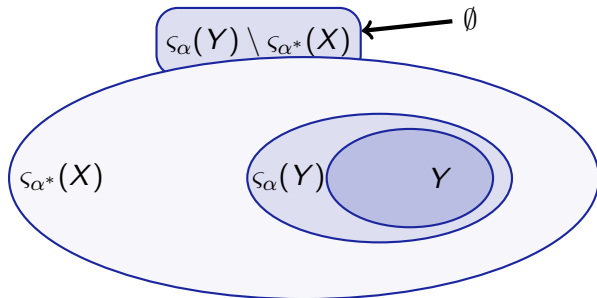
— Bertrand Russell

+1 Argument

Note (+1 argument)

$$Y \subseteq s_{\alpha^*}(X) \text{ then } s_{\alpha}(Y) \subseteq s_{\alpha^*}(X)$$

Since $s_{\alpha}(Y)$ is just one round away from Y .



Note (+1 argument)

$$Y \subseteq s_{\alpha^*}(X) \text{ then } s_{\alpha}(Y) \subseteq s_{\alpha^*}(X)$$

$$Z \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} s_{\alpha^*}(X) \text{ then } s_{\alpha}(Z) \subseteq s_{\alpha^*}(X) = Z$$

Note (+1 argument)

$$Y \subseteq s_{\alpha^*}(X) \text{ then } s_{\alpha}(Y) \subseteq s_{\alpha^*}(X)$$

$$Z \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} s_{\alpha^*}(X) \text{ then } s_{\alpha}(Z) \subseteq s_{\alpha^*}(X) = Z$$

- Which Z with $s_{\alpha}(Z) \subseteq Z$ is the right one?
- Are there multiple such Z ?
- Does such a Z exist?

Note (+1 argument)

$$Y \subseteq s_{\alpha^*}(X) \text{ then } s_{\alpha}(Y) \subseteq s_{\alpha^*}(X)$$

$$Z \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} s_{\alpha^*}(X) \text{ then } s_{\alpha}(Z) \subseteq s_{\alpha^*}(X) = Z$$

- Which Z with $s_{\alpha}(Z) \subseteq Z$ is the right one?
- Are there multiple such Z ?
- Does such a Z exist?
- Existence: $Z = \emptyset$

Note (+1 argument)

$$Y \subseteq s_{\alpha^*}(X) \text{ then } s_{\alpha}(Y) \subseteq s_{\alpha^*}(X)$$

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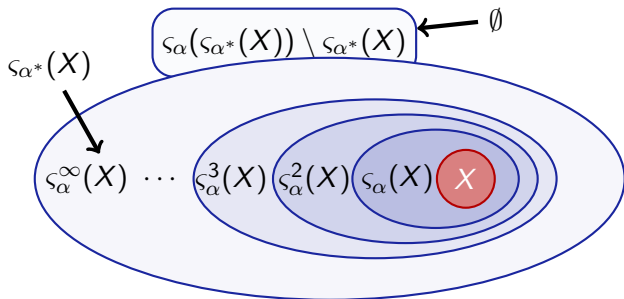
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- Still too small: $X \subseteq Z$ since Angel may decide not to repeat

Fixpoints and Pre-Fixpoints

Definition (Pre-fixpoint)

$$X \cup s_{\alpha}(Z) \subseteq Z$$

for the winning region $Z \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} s_{\alpha^*}(X)$

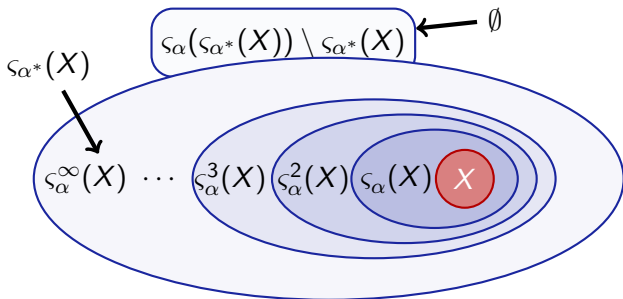


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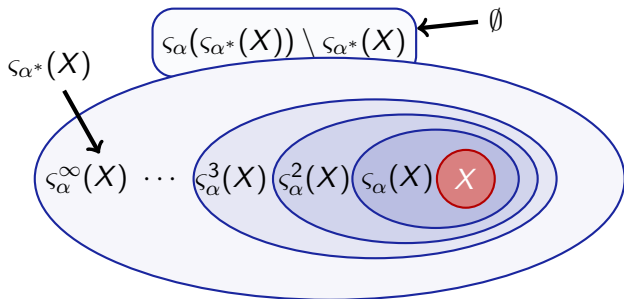
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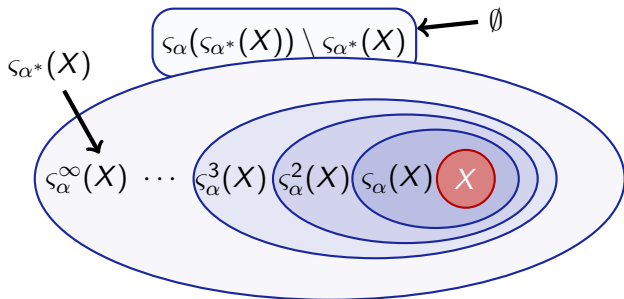
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Fixpoints and Pre-Fixpoints

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- Are there multiple such Z ?
- Does such a Z exist?
- Existence: $Z = \mathcal{S}$ but that's too big and independent of α

Comparing (Pre-)Fixpoints

Lemma ()

$$X \cup \varsigma_\alpha(Y) \subseteq Y$$

$$X \cup \varsigma_\alpha(Z) \subseteq Z$$

are pre-fixpoints, then

Lemma (Intersection closure)

$$X \cup_{\mathcal{S}_\alpha}(Y) \subseteq Y$$

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Proof.

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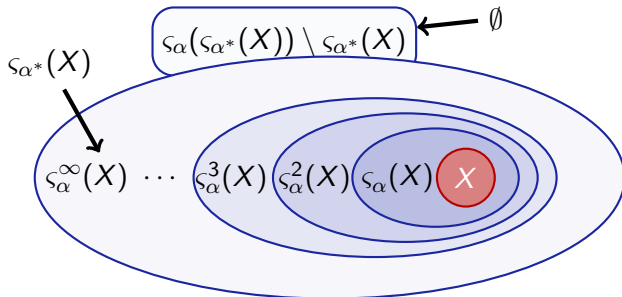


Even: The intersection of *any* family of pre-fixpoints is a pre-fixpoint!
So: repetition semantics is the smallest pre-fixpoint (well-founded)

Semantics of Repetition

Definition (Hybrid game α)

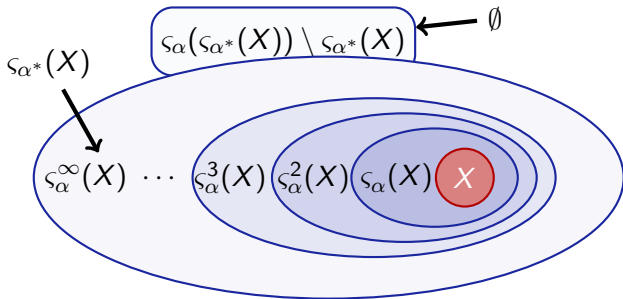
$$\varsigma_{\alpha^*}(X) = \bigcap \{Z \subseteq \mathcal{S} : X \cup \varsigma_{\alpha}(Z) \subseteq Z\}$$



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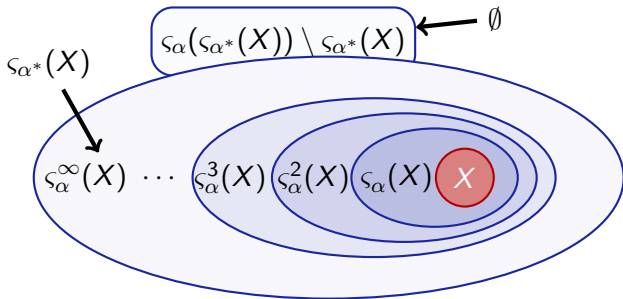
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$\varsigma_{\alpha^*}(X)$ intersection of solution

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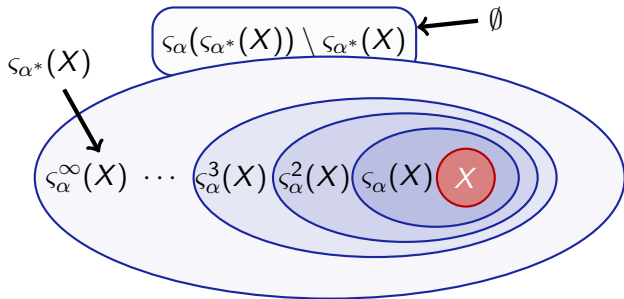
$$\varsigma_{\alpha}(Z) \subseteq \varsigma_{\alpha}(\varsigma_{\alpha^*}(X))$$

$\varsigma_{\alpha^*}(X)$ intersection of solution
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Semantics of Repetition

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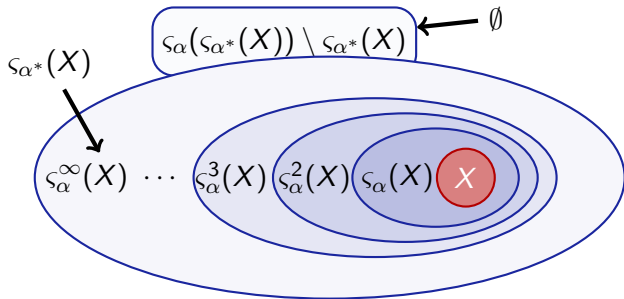
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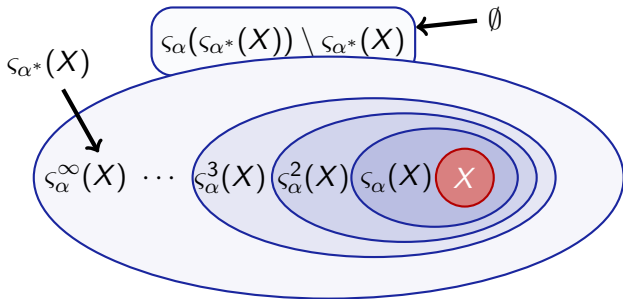
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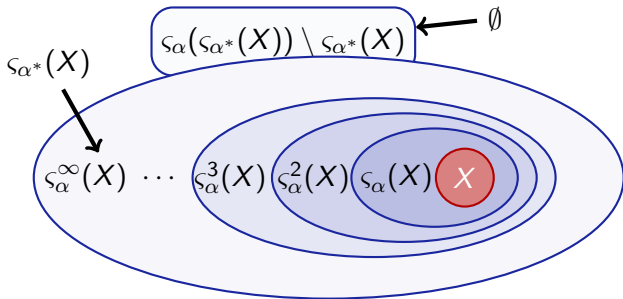
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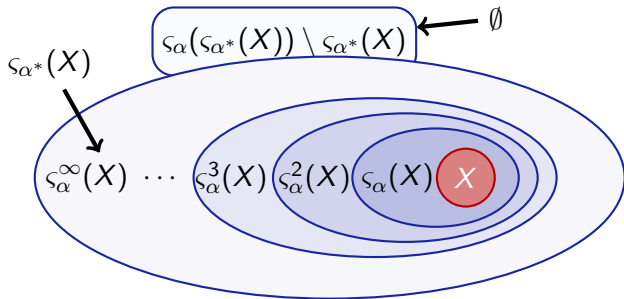
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Semantics of Repetition

Definition (Hybrid game α)

$$\mathcal{S}_{\alpha^*}(X) = \bigcap \{Z \subseteq \mathcal{S} : X \cup \mathcal{S}_{\alpha}(Z) = Z\} = \bigcup_{\kappa < \infty} \mathcal{S}_{\alpha}^{\kappa}(X) \text{ by Knaster-Tarski}$$



$$Z \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} X \cup \mathcal{S}_{\alpha}(\mathcal{S}_{\alpha^*}(X)) \subseteq \mathcal{S}_{\alpha^*}(X)$$

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- 1 Learning Objectives
- 2 Denotational Semantics
 - Differential Game Logic Semantics
 - Hybrid Game Semantics
- 3 Semantics of Repetition
 - Repetition with Advance Notice
 - Infinite Iterations and Inflationary Semantics
 - Ordinals
 - Inflationary Semantics of Repetitions
 - Implicit Definitions vs. Explicit Constructions
 - +1 Argument
 - Fixpoints and Pre-fixpoints
 - Comparing Fixpoints
 - Characterizing Winning Repetitions Implicitly
- 4 Summary

Differential Game Logic: Denotational Semantics

Definition (Hybrid game α)

$[[\cdot]] : \text{HG} \rightarrow (\wp(\mathcal{S}) \rightarrow \wp(\mathcal{S}))$

$$\begin{aligned} s_{x:=e}(X) &= \{\omega \in \mathcal{S} : \omega_x^{\omega[e]} \in X\} \\ s_{x'=f(x)}(X) &= \{\varphi(0) \in \mathcal{S} : \varphi(r) \in X, \frac{d\varphi(t)(x)}{dt}(z) = \varphi(z)[[f(x)]] \text{ for all } z\} \\ s_{?Q}(X) &= [[Q]] \cap X \\ s_{\alpha \cup \beta}(X) &= s_{\alpha}(X) \cup s_{\beta}(X) \\ s_{\alpha; \beta}(X) &= s_{\alpha}(s_{\beta}(X)) \\ s_{\alpha^*}(X) &= \bigcup_{\kappa < \infty} s_{\alpha}^{\kappa}(X) \\ s_{\alpha^d}(X) &= (s_{\alpha}(X^{\mathbb{C}}))^{\mathbb{C}} \end{aligned}$$

Definition (dGL Formula P)

$[[\cdot]] : \text{Fml} \rightarrow \wp(\mathcal{S})$

$$\begin{aligned} [[e_1 \geq e_2]] &= \{\omega \in \mathcal{S} : \omega[[e_1]] \geq \omega[[e_2]]\} \\ [[\neg P]] &= ([[P]])^{\mathbb{C}} \\ [[P \wedge Q]] &= [[P]] \cap [[Q]] \\ [[\langle \alpha \rangle P]] &= s_{\alpha}([[P]]) \\ [[[\alpha] P]] &= \delta_{\alpha}([[P]]) \end{aligned}$$

Differential Game Logic: Denotational Semantics

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$$\varsigma_{?Q}(X) = \llbracket Q \rrbracket \cap X$$

$$\varsigma_{\alpha \cup \beta}(X) = \varsigma_{\alpha}(X) \cup \varsigma_{\beta}(X)$$

$$\varsigma_{\alpha;\beta}(X) = \varsigma_{\alpha}(\varsigma_{\beta}(X))$$

$$\varsigma_{\alpha^*}(X) = \bigcap \{Z \subseteq \mathcal{S} : X \cup \varsigma_{\alpha}(Z) \subseteq Z\}$$

$$\varsigma_{\alpha^d}(X) = (\varsigma_{\alpha}(X^c))^c$$

Definition (dGL Formula P)

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$$\llbracket e_1 \geq e_2 \rrbracket = \{\omega \in \mathcal{S} : \omega[e_1] \geq \omega[e_2]\}$$

$$\llbracket \neg P \rrbracket = (\llbracket P \rrbracket)^c$$

$$\llbracket P \wedge Q \rrbracket = \llbracket P \rrbracket \cap \llbracket Q \rrbracket$$

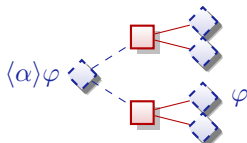
$$\llbracket \langle \alpha \rangle P \rrbracket = \varsigma_{\alpha}(\llbracket P \rrbracket)$$

$$\llbracket [\alpha] P \rrbracket = \delta_{\alpha}(\llbracket P \rrbracket)$$

Summary

differential game logic

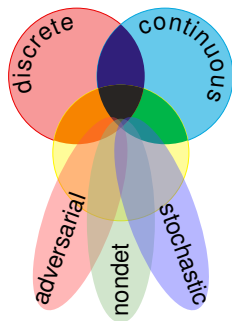
$$\text{dGL} = \text{GL} + \text{HG} = \text{dL} + d$$



- Semantics for differential game logic
- Simple compositional denotational semantics
- Meaning is a simple function of its pieces
- Outlier: repetition is subtle higher-ordinal iteration
- Better: repetition means least fixpoint

Next lecture

- 1 Axiomatics
- 2 How to win and prove hybrid games





André Platzer.

Foundations of cyber-physical systems.

Lecture Notes 15-424/624/824, Carnegie Mellon University, 2017.

URL: <http://1fcps.org/course/fcps17.html>.



André Platzer.

Differential game logic.

ACM Trans. Comput. Log., 17(1):1:1–1:51, 2015.

doi:10.1145/2817824.